Revision date : August 6, 2020 (Rev. 03)



ichromov™

INTENDED USE

ichroma™ T3 is a fluorescence Immunoassay (FIA) for the quantitative determination of triiodothyronine (total T3) in human.serum/plasma. It is useful as an aid in management and monitoring of determination of thyroid disorders.

For in vitro diagnostic use only.

INTRODUCTION

3,5,3 $^{\circ}$ Triiodothyronine (T3) is a thyroid hormone with a molecular weight of 651 daltons. 1

T3 circulates in the blood as an equilibrium mixture of free and protein bound hormone.² T3 is bound to thyroxin binding globulin (TBG), prealbumin, and albumin. The actual distribution of T3 among these binding proteins is controversial as estimates range from 38-80 % for TBG, 9-27 % for prealbumin, and 11-35 % for albumin.³

T3 plays an important role in the maintenance of the euthyroid state. T3 measurements can be a valuable component in diagnosing certain disorders of thyroid function.⁴ Most reports indicate that T3 levels distinguish clearly between euthyroid and hyperthyroid subjects, but provide a less clear-cut separation between hypothyroid and euthyroid subjects.⁵ Total T3 measurements may be valuable when hyperthyroidism is suspected and the free T4 is normal.⁶ For example, one recognized type of thyroid dysfunction is T3 thyrotoxicosis, associated with a decrease in serum thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), increased T3 level, normal T4, normal free T4, and normal to increase in vitro Uptake results.⁷⁻¹¹

T3 levels are affected by conditions which affect TBG concentration. 12-14 Slightly elevated T3 levels may occur in pregnancy or during estrogen therapy, while depressed levels may occur during severe illness, renal failure, myocardial infarction, alcoholism, inadequate nutritional intake, and during therapy with some medications such as dopamine, glucocorticoids, methimazone, propranolol, propylthiouracil, and salicylates. 6,15,16

Numerous conditions unrelated to thyoid disease may cause abnormal T3 values.^{5, 17-20} Consequently, total T3 values should not be used on their own in establishing the thyroid status of an individual. The level of serum T4, TSH and other clinical findings must be considered as well.

PRINCIPLE

The test uses a competitive immunodetection method. In this method, the analyte in the sample binds to the fluorescence labeled (FL) detection antibody in detection buffer, to form the complex as sample mixture. This complex is loaded to migrate onto the nitrocellulose matrix, where the covalent couple of T3 and bovine serum albumin (BSA) is



immobilized and interferes with the binding of analyte and fluorescence labeled (FL) antibody. If more analytes exist in the sample, less detection antibodies are accumulated, resulting in less fluorescence signal.

COMPONENTS

ichroma™ T3 consists of 'Cartridges', 'Detector tubes', 'Detector diluents', 'ID chip' and 'Instruction for use'.

- The cartridge contains the membrane called a test strip which has T3-BSA at the test line, and chicken IgY at the control line. All cartridges are individually sealed in an aluminum foil pouch containing a desiccant in a box.
- The detector tube has a granule containing anti human T3fluorescence conjugate, anti chicken IgY-fluorescence conjugate, bovine serum albumin (BSA) as a stabilizer and sodium azide as a preservative in sodium phosphate buffer. All detector tubes are packed in a box.
- The detector diluent contains 8-anilinonaphthalene-1sulfonic acid (ANS), Tween20 as detergent, sodium azide as a preservative in sodium hydroxide solution, and it is pre-dispensed in 2 vials. The detector diluents are packed in a box.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For in vitro diagnostic use only.
- Follow instructions and procedures described in this 'Instruction for use'.
- Use only fresh samples and avoid direct sunlight.
- Lot numbers of all the test components (cartridge, detector tube, detector diluent and ID chip) must match each other.
- Do not interchange the test components between different lots or use the test components after the expiration date, either of which might yield incorrect test resulf(s)
- Do not reuse cartridges or detector tubes. A cartridge should be used for testing one sample only. A detector tube should be used for processing of one sample only.
- The cartridge should remain sealed in its original pouch until just before use. Do not use the cartridge, if pouch is damaged or has already been opened.
- Frozen sample should be thawed only once. For shipping, samples must be packed in accordance with local regulations. Sample with severe hemolysis and/or hyperlipidemia must not be used.
- Allow cartridge, detector tube, detector diluent and sample to be at room temperature for approximately 30 minutes before use.
- The instrument for ichroma[™] tests may generate slight vibration during use.
- Used cartridges, detector tubes, detector diluents and pipette tips should be handled carefully and discarded by an appropriate method in accordance with relevant local regulations.
- No Biotin interference was observed in ichroma™ T3 when biotin concentration in the sample was below 1,200 ng/mL. If a patient has been taking biotin at dosage of more than 0.03 mg a day, it is recommended to test again 24 hours after discontinuation of biotin intake.

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- An exposure to larger quantities of sodium azide may cause certain health issues like convulsions, low blood pressure and heart rate, loss of consciousness, lung injury and respiratory failure.
- ichroma™ T3 will provide accurate and reliable results subject to the below conditions.
 - ichroma™ T3 should be used only in conjunction with instrument for ichroma™ tests.
 - Have to use recommended anticoagulant sample.

Recommended anticoagulant	
Sodium heparin	

STORAGE AND STABILITY

	Storage condition					
Component	Shelf life	Note				
Cartridge	4 - 30 °C.	20 months	Disposable			
Detector tube	4 - 30 °C.	20 months	Disposable			
Detector	4 - 30 °C.	20 months	Unopened			
diluent	4 - 30 °C.	3 months	Opened			

 After the cartridge pouch is opened, the test should be performed immediately.

LIMITATION OF THE TEST SYSTEM

- The test may yield false positive result(s) due to the crossreactions and/or non-specific adhesion of certain sample components to the capture/detector antibodies.
- The test may yield false negative result(s) due to the nonresponsiveness of the antigen to the antibodies which is most common if the epitope is masked by some unknown components, so therefore not being able to be detected or captured by the antibodies. The instability or degradation of the antigen with time and/or temperature may also cause false negative result as it makes antigen unrecognizable by the antibodies.
- Other factors may interfere with the test and cause erroneous results, such as technical/procedural errors, degradation of the test components/reagents or presence of interfering substances in the test samples.
- Any clinical diagnosis based on the test result must be supported by a comprehensive judgment of the concerned physician including clinical symptoms and other relevant test results.

MATERIALS SUPPLIED

REF CFPC-44

Components of ichroma™ T3

- Cartridge Box:
 - Cartridge 25
 Detector tube 25
 Detector diluent 2
 ID chip 1
 Instruction for Use 1

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT SUPPLIED ON DEMAND

Following items can be purchased separately from ichroma™ T3.

Please contact our sales division for more information.

- Instrument for ichroma™ tests
 - ichroma™ Reader REF FR203
 - ichroma™ II REF FPRR021
- Printer REF FPRR007
- i-Chamber REF FPRR009
- Boditech Hormone Control REF CFPO-95
- Boditech T3 Control REF CFPO-240

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND PROCESSING

The sample type for ichroma™ T3 is human serum/plasma.

- It is recommended to test the sample within 24 hours after collection.
- The serum or plasma should be separated from the clot by centrifugation within 3 hours after the collection of whole
- Samples may be stored for up to a month at 2-8 °C prior to being tested. If testing will be delayed more than a month, samples should be frozen at -20 °C.
- Samples stored frozen at -20 °C for 2 months showed no performance difference.
- Once the sample was frozen, it should be used one time only for test, because repeated freezing and thawing can result in the change of test values.

TEST SETUP

- Check the contents of ichroma™ T3: Sealed Cartridges, Detector tubes, Detector diluents, ID chip, and an Instruction for use.
- Ensure that the lot number of the cartridge matches that of the detector tube, detector diluent as well as ID chip.
- If the sealed cartridge, the detector tube, and the detector diluent have been stored in a refrigerator, place them on a clean and flat surface at room temperature for at least 30 minutes before testing.
- Turn on the instrument for ichroma™ tests. (Please refer to the 'Instrument for ichroma™ tests Operation Manual' for complete information and operating instructions.

CAUTION

- To minimize erroneous test results, we suggest that the ambient temperature of the cartridge should be 25 °C during the reaction time after loading sample mixture to the cartridge.
- To maintain the ambient temperature to 25 °C, you can use various devices such as an i-Chamber or an incubator and so on.

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TEST PROCEDURE

1) Transfer 300 μ L of detector diluent using a pipette to a detector tube containing a granule. When the granule form is completely dissolved in the tube, it becomes detection buffer.

(The detection buffer must be used immediately within 3 minutes.)

- 2) Transfer 75μL of sample (<u>Human serum/plasma/control</u>) using a pipette to a detector tube.
- 3) Close the lid of the detector tube and mix the sample thoroughly by shaking it about 10 times.
- 4) Incubate the detection buffer + sample mixture at room temperature for 8 minutes.
- 5) Pipette out 75 μ L of a sample mixture and load it into the sample well on the cartridge.
- 6) Insert the sample-loaded cartridge into the slot of the i-Chamber or an incubator (25 °C).
- Leave the sample-loaded cartridge in the i-Chamber or an incubator for 8 minutes.
 - △ Scan the sample-loaded cartridge immediately when the incubation time is over. If not, it will cause inaccurate test result.
- 8) To scan the sample-loaded cartridge, insert it into the cartridge holder of the instrument for ichroma™ tests. Ensure proper orientation of the cartridge before pushing it all the way inside the cartridge holder. An arrow is marked on the cartridge especially for this purpose.
- 9) Press the 'Select' or Tap the 'START' button on the instrument for ichroma™ tests to start the scanning
- 10) The instrument for ichroma™ tests will start scanning the sample-loaded cartridge immediately.

INTERPRETATION OF TEST RESULT

• The Instrument for ichroma™ tests calculates the test result automatically and displays T3 concentration of the test sample in terms of ng/mL and nmol/L.

■ Reference range

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Age group of the subject			ng/mL	nmol/L (SI unit)
	Adult		0.8-2.0	1.23-3.08
	1-10	years	0.82-2.82	1.26 -4.34
	11-15	Male	0.8-2.33	1.23-3.59
Pediatric Ranges	years	Female	0.6-2.09	0.92-3.22
	16-17	Male	0.71-2.12	1.09-3.27
	years	Female	0.61-1.51	0.94-2.33

- Working range: 0.5-5.0 ng/mL (0.77-7.7 nmol/L)
- Conversion factor as unit of nmol/L
 - nmol/L (SI unit) = 1.54 × ng/mL
 - ng/dl = 100 × ng/mL

QUALITY CONTROL

- Quality control tests are a part of the good testing practice to confirm the expected results and validity of the assay and should be performed at regular intervals.
- The control tests should be performed immediately after opening a new test lot to ensure the test performance is not altered.
- Quality control tests should also be performed whenever there is any question concerning the validity of the test results.
- Control materials are not provided with ichroma[™] T3. For more information regarding obtaining the control materials, contact Boditech Med Inc.'s Sales Division for assistance.

(Please refer to the instruction for use of control material.)

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Analytical sensitivity

Limit of Blank (LoB)	0.23 nmol/L
Limit of Detection (LoD)	0.45 nmol/L
Limit of Quantitation (LoQ)	0.77 nmol/L

Analytical specificity

Cross reactivity

Biomolecules such as below the ones in the table were added to the test sample(s) at concentrations much higher than their normal physiological levels in the blood. **ichroma™ T3** test results did not show any significant cross-reactivity with these biomolecules.

Cross reactants	Concentration
D-thyroxine	300 ng/ml
L-thyroxine	300 ng/ml
Reverse T3	500 ng/ml
Salicylic acid	1,000,000 ng/ml
Monoiodotyrosine	50,000 ng/ml

- Interference

Study of interference from table below with ichroma™ T3 showed following results EDTA (K₂), sodium citrate and Cholesterol have effects on ichroma™ T3 test in the procedure. So, EDTA (K₂) and sodium citrate as an anticoagulant are not recommended on ichroma™ T3 test.

Interference materials	Concentration
D-glucose	60 mM/L
L-Ascorbic acid	0.2 mM/L
Bilirubin	0.4 mM/L
Hemoglobin	2 g/L
Cholesterol	13 mM/L
triglyceride	10 mg/mL
EDTA_K ₂	10.8 mg/mL
Sodium Heparin	54 mg/mL
Sodium Citrate	40 mg/mL

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Precision

One person tested three standard materials (three lot every 7 days) twice a day (Run, morning/afternoon) and twice repeated (duplicate) in the same place for 21 days.

- Repeatability (within-run precision)
 To evaluate repeatability, the mean value and CV(%)
 were calculated from the results of Run 1 in Lot 1.
- Total precision (within-laboratory precision)
 To evaluate total precision, the mean value and CV(%)
 are calculated from the all results of Lot 1.

T3 [nmol/L]	Repeatability					to lot cision
	AVG	CV(%)	AVG	CV(%)	AVG	CV(%)
1.08	1.09	6.63	1.08	6.9	1.08	6.77
2.31	2.32	6.26	2.31	6.6	2.32	6.25
6.16	6.16	6.58	6.17	6.3	6.18	6.22

- Between site

Three persons tested **ichroma™ T3** at three different sites, ten times at each concentration of standard materials.

- Between person

Three persons tested **ichroma™ T3**, ten times at each concentration of standard materials

T3	Betwe	en site	Betwee	n person
[nmol/L]	AVG	CV(%)	AVG	CV(%)
1.08	1.08	0.07	1.08	0.06
2.31	2.32	0.11	2.27	0.14
6.12	6.14	0.39	6.16	0.35

Accuracy

The accuracy was confirmed by testing with 3 different lots of ichroma™ T3. The tests are repeated 10 times in each different concentration.

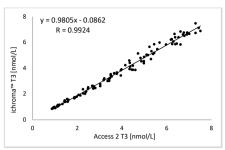
Expected value [nmol/L]	Lot 1	Lot 2	Lot 3	AVG	Recovery (%)
6.16	6.05	6.14	6.09	6.09	98.91
5.14	5.11	5.27	5.33	5.23	101.8
4.13	4.14	4.09	4.24	4.15	100.7
3.11	3.18	3.16	3.05	3.13	100.7
2.09	2.08	2.05	2.09	2.07	99.0
1.08	1.09	1.12	1.04	1.08	100.5

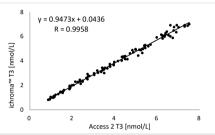
Comparability

T3 concentrations of 100 serum samples were quantified independently with ichroma™ T3 and Access2 (Beckman Coulter Inc. USA) as per prescribed test procedures. Test results were compared, and their comparability was investigated with linear regression and coefficient of correlation (R). Linear regression and coefficient of correlation between the tests were as follows.

X-axis		Y-axis	linear regression	R
	Access 2	i-CHROMA READER	y = 0.9805x - 0.0862	0.9924
		ichroma™ II	y = 0.9473x + 0.0436	0 9958

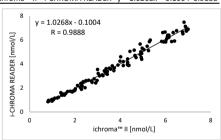






ichroma[™] tests using 100 serum samples also showed linear regression and correlation coefficients are as below.

X-axis	Y-axis	linear regression	R
ichroma™ II	i-CHROMA READER	y = 1.0268x - 0.1004	0.9888



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Σ	Sufficient for <n> tests</n>
(II	Read instruction for use
\square	Use by Date
LOT	Batch code
REF	Catalog number
\triangle	Caution
<u></u>	Manufacturer
EC REP	Authorized representative of the European Community
IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device
X	Temperature limit
(2)	Do not reuse
CE	This product fulfills the requirements of the Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices

Note: Please refer to the table below to identify various



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