

# AGAPPE

7 x 100 mJ.

12011009

#### Intended Use

This reagent is intended for  $in\ vitro$  quantitative determination of Cholesterol in serum or plasma.

-CHOD-PAP methodology.

**CHOLESTEROL** 

- -Linear up to 600 mg/dL
- -Contains LCF (Lipamic Clearing factor) which minimizes rerun

# **Clinical Significance**

Cholesterol is the main lipid found in the blood, bile & brain tissues. It is also one of the most important steroids of the body & is a precursor of many steroid hormones. Two thirds of cholesterol present in the blood is esterified. The liver metabolizes the cholesterol & it is transported in the blood stream by lipoproteins. Increased levels are found in hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipidemia, hypothyroidism, uncontrolled diabetes, nephritic syndrome & cirrhosis.

Decreased levels are found in malabsorption, malnutrition, hyperthyroidism, anaemia & liver diseases.

#### **Principle**

Enzymatic determination of total cholesterol according to the following reactions.

Cholesterol ester 
$$+H_2O$$
 —————————> Cholesterol + fatty acids

Cholestrol +  $O_2$  ————————> 4-Cholesten-3- one +  $H_2O_2$ 

 $2H_2O_2$ +Phenol+4-Aminoantipyrine--POD->Red quinone +  $4H_2O_2$ 

CHE: Cholesterol Esterase CHO: Cholesterol Oxidase

POD : Peroxidase

# **Kit Components**

Reagent/ Component	Product Code 12011009	Description	
Cholesterol Reagent	7 x 100 mL	Pipes buffer (pH 6.70) Phenol Sodium Cholate Cholesterol Esterase Cholesterol Oxidase Peroxidase 4 – aminoantipyrine	50 mmol/L 24 mmol/L 0.5 mml/L ≥ 180 U/L ≥ 200 U/L ≥ 1000 U/L 0.5 mmol/L

# Risk & Safety

Material Safety data sheets (MSDS) will be provided on request

# **Reagent Preparation**

Cholesterol Reagent is ready to use.

# Reagent Storage and Stability

The sealed reagents are stable upto the expiry date stated on the label, when stored at  $2\text{-}8^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

# **Open Vial Stability**

Once opened the reagents are stable up to 90 days if contamination is avoided.

# **On-board Calibration Stability**

Calibration is stable for 20 days.

# **Reagent Deterioration**

Turbidity or precipitation in any kit component indicates deterioration and the component must be discarded. Values outside the recommended acceptable range for the Agappe Qualicheck Norm & Path control may also be an indication of reagent instability and associated results are invalid. Sample should be retested using fresh vial of reagent.

# Precaution

To avoid contamination, use clean laboratory wares. Close reagent bottles immediately after use. Avoid direct exposure of reagent to light. Do not blow into the reagent bottles.

This reagent is only for IVD use and follow the normal precautions required for hand ling all laboratory reagents.

# **Waste Management**

Reagents must be disposed off in accordance with local regulations.

# Sample

Fresh serum / plasma (Do not use lipemic or hemolysed sample), Urine (1/3 diluted)

#### Interferences

No interference for

Bilirubin up to 10 mg/dL Haemoglobin up to 1000 mg/dL

#### Materials provided

Cholesterol Reagent

#### Reagents required but not provided

Multicalibrator (Product Code: 11610002), Qualicheck Norm (Product Code: 11601003), Qualicheck Path (Product Code: 11601002)

# **Unit Conversion**

Traditional Unit	SI Unit	Conversion from Traditional to SI	
mg/dL	mmol/L	x 0.026	

#### Calibration

Agappe Multicalibrator (Product Code: 11610002) is recommended for calibration of the assay.

#### Quality control

It is recommended to use Qualicheck Norm (Product Code: 11601003) or Qualicheck Path (Product Code: 11601002) to verify the performance of the measurement procedure. Each Laboratory has to establish its own internal quality control scheme and procedures for corrective action if controls do not recover within the acceptable tolerance.

#### Reference Range

It is recommended that each laboratory should establish its own reference values. The following value may be used as guide line.

Serum, Plasma: 150 - 220 mg/dL

Results obtained for patient samples are to be correlated with clinical findings of patient for interpretation and diagnosis.

# Performance

#### 1. Linearity

The reagent is linear up to  $600\,\text{mg/dL}$ . If the concentration is greater than linearity ( $600\,\text{mg/dL}$ ), dilute the sample with normal saline and repeat the assay. Multiply the result with dilution factor.

# 2. Comparison

A comparison study has been performed between Agappe reagent and another internationally available reagent yielded a correlation coefficient of  $r^2$ = 0.998 and a regression equation of y = 1.0019x.

# 3. Precision

	Intra Run		Inter Run	
Control	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
n	20	20	20	20
Mean (mg/dL)	239.3	95.7	236.6	94.58
SD	7.11	3.23	4.96	2.89
CV(%)	2.97	3.37	2.10	3.06

Accuracy (mg/dL)					
Control	Expected Value	Measured Value			
Control Level 1	263 ± 54	268			
Control Level 2	105 ± 24	109			
Qualicheck Norm	97 ± 18.0	94.4			
Qualicheck Path	195± 15	195.7			

# 4. Sensitivity

Lower detection Limit is 3.0 mg/dL

# **Bibliography**

1. Allain C.C.et al., Clin.Chem 20 (1974), 470

- SYMBOLSUSEDONTHELABELS -

IVD IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE 🖼 SEE PACKAGE INSERT FOR PROCEDURE LOT LOT NUMBER 🕍 MANUFACTURER'S ADDRESS 🖳 MANUFACTURING DATE 🛣 EXPIRY DATE 🔏 TEMPERATURE LIMIT



AGAPPE DIAGNOSTICS LTD.